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The Ogden Standard

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 5, 1916.

4 P. M. CITY EDITION
TWENTY-SIX PAGESWEATHER—Utah: Local Thunder
Showers Tonight or Sunday; Not
Much Change in Temperature.

Forty-sixth Year—No. 187.

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Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice, Ogden, Utah.

Fierce Fighting on Russian Battlefront Great Drive on Kovel and Lemberg

FRENCH INFLECT HEAVY LOSSES ON GERMANS IN FURIOUS FIGHT

Crown Prince's Army Unable to Gain Slightest Advantage in Verdun Fighting—British Capture Main German Line System of Trenches North of Pozières With Several Hundred Prisoners—Russian Detachments Forced to Retreat on the Sereth—Russians Make Stand on South Bank of River—Fourteen Thousand Turks Attack British East of Port Said.

Renewing their powerful attack along the Somme front in northern France, the British have captured the main second line defensive system of the Germans along a front of more than a mile north of Pozières, London announces today.

The advance claimed by the British is on that part of the line where their gains in the offensive movement so far had been less pronounced than elsewhere along this front. The gain, it maintained, will effect a material straightening out of the line in the sector between Pozières and Thiepval.

At Verdun the French offensive is successfully withstanding German counter attacks. The important work which has changed hands several times during the battle, is now firmly in French possession.

In the village of Fleury, three miles north of Verdun, the battle still is raging. Last night the French reported they had succeeded in recapturing the greater part of the village and today they announced that the night's fighting resulted in no appreciable change in the situation there.

On the eastern front the Russians are continuing their drive on Kovel and Lemberg.

Petrograd, Aug. 5, via London, 3:05 p. m.—Russian troops have crossed the river Sereth, south of the town of Brody and in the region of Penik-Tchistopady have consolidated the captured positions. It was officially announced by the Russian war department.

The official statement follows: "South of Brody obstinate fighting is proceeding on the river Sereth. The enemy made several counter attacks against our detachments which crossed to the right bank in the region of Penik-Tchistopady. All these counter attacks failed and our troops consolidated themselves in the captured positions.

In the region of the river Blay Chermosh, southwest of Kut (in the Carpathians), the enemy launched an attack with forces amounting to nearly a division against our small infantry detachments occupying the mountain passes and forced them a short distance back towards the north-east.

"Caucasian front: West of Klakli our detachments again made an advance of several kilometers. A Turkish attack in the region of Kygi was repulsed."

French Repulse All Attacks. Paris, Aug. 5, 12:30 p. m.—All German attacks on the French positions last night were repulsed, says the French official statement issued this afternoon, the Germans sustaining heavy losses.

Bombardment of the most violent character took place over the entire sector of Thiaumont and Fleury. The battle lasted from 9 o'clock last night until eight this morning, the Germans making unsuccessful efforts the statement adds, to drive the French from Thiaumont work.

The statement follows: "The night passed in relative calm on the Somme front. Between the river Avre and Alsne we dispersed

near Souchez and Loos, there was no incident of importance on the remainder of the British front."

Austrians Repulse Russians. Berlin, Aug. 5, by wireless to Sayville.—An official statement issued by the Austro-Hungarian headquarters under date of August 3, says:

"Russian theater: An enemy detachment entered a small section of our trenches near Velesovo, but was completely ejected. Southwest and west of Brody the army of Colonel General von Boehm-Ermolli repulsed attacks made by the Russians. Attempts made by the enemy to advance along the railroad between Sarny and Kovel and on the lower Stokhod failed. Otherwise the enemy was considerably more quiet, this being ascribed to his heavy losses.

"Italian theater: In the Borcola district we were successful in minor enterprises. We captured 140 Italians, including two officers.

"On the heights south of Paneveglia on August 1, two Italian battalions were repulsed."

Berlin, Aug. 5, via London, 4:21 p. m.—On the Somme front in northern France a continuation of the engagements with the British is reported, a new battle developing today near Pozières after the British had been repulsed in fighting along a wide front from the north of Ovillers to Four-aux-woods.

British Forces Repulsed.

The text of the statement follows: "Western front: According to supplementary reports, these battles north of the Somme, which we reported yesterday took place on an extended front and against strong British forces. At the end of the day fighting was still in progress at some points. British troops advancing in the sectors stretching from north of Ovillers to Four-aux-woods were repulsed with heavy losses at certain points after stubborn hand-to-hand fighting. New battles developed today near Pozières.

"A partial advance by the French south of Maurepas during the afternoon was repulsed.

"In the Alsne region the enemy carried out numerous patrol operations which were everywhere without result.

"On the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) 468 prisoners belonging to four different divisions were captured during our counter attacks yesterday in the Fleury sector.

"In the region of the Thiaumont work bitter fighting again developed. Two enemy biplanes were dropped down during an aerial battle in the Somme district.

Russian Attempts Frustrated.

"Eastern front: Army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg: Attempts by the Russians to cross the Vlna near Dvintev were frustrated. "The number of prisoners captured near Rudka-Mirynska has grown to 561 men.

"On the river Sereth, northwest of Zalozze, repeated enemy attacks were repulsed.

"Russian detachments, which had penetrated across the Sereth near Ratysse, were forced to retreat before our counter attacks. Near Medzygory and Tchistopady, the statement adds, the Russians are making a stand on the southern bank of the river.

Russians Forced to Retreat.

Berlin, Aug. 5, via London, 5:30 p. m.—Russian detachments which penetrated the German positions across the river Sereth near Ratysse, were forced to retreat, it was officially announced in the statement given out today by the German army headquarters. Near Medzygory and Tchistopady, the statement adds, the Russians are making a stand on the southern bank of the river.

British Capture Trenches.

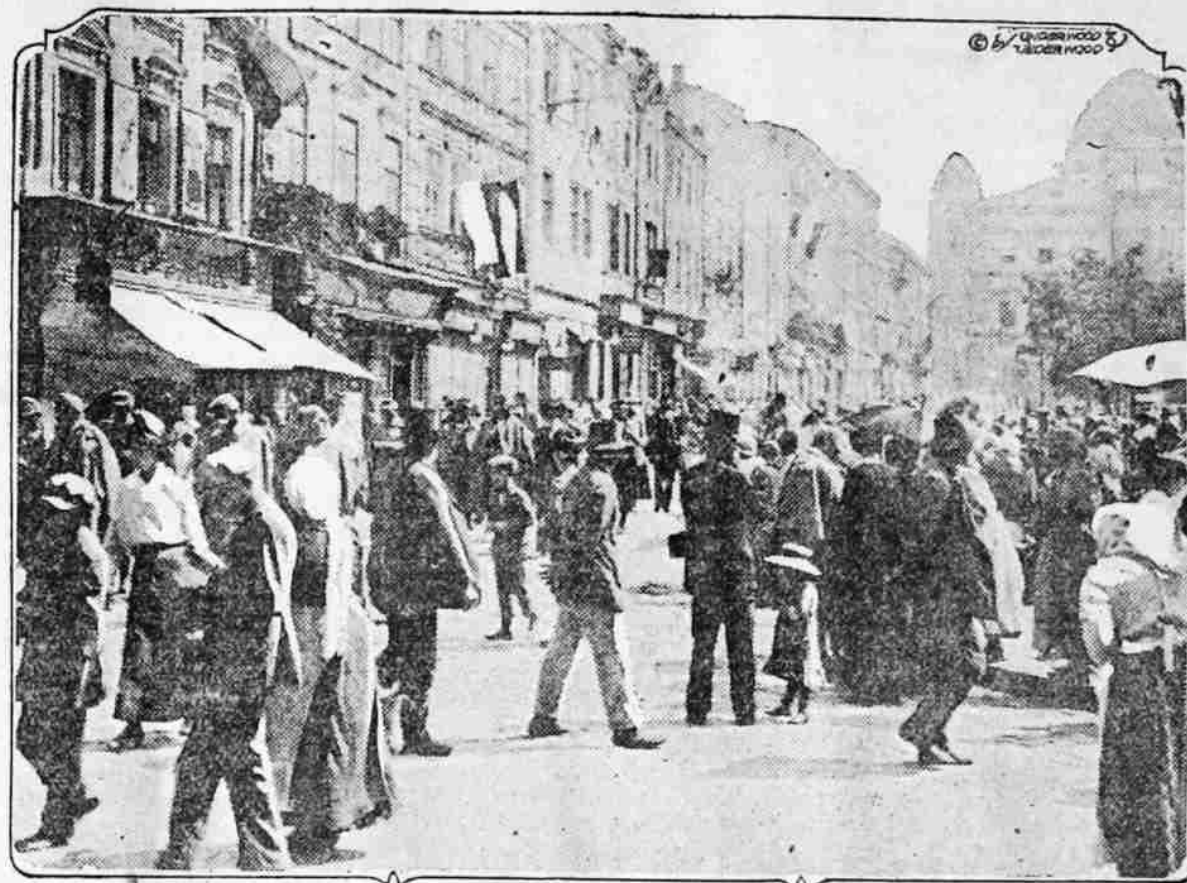
London, Aug. 5, 2:15 p. m.—The main German second line system of trenches on a front 2,000 yards north of Pozières on the Somme front, has been captured by the British. It was officially announced by the war office this afternoon, the Germans sustaining heavy losses.

The statement says: "North of Pozières a local attack last night, in which Australians and troops of the new army took part, was completely successful. The German main second line system on a front more than 2,000 yards was captured, several hundred prisoners remaining in our hands.

"Repeated counter attacks subsequently delivered against the positions captured were repulsed with very heavy loss to the enemy.

"Except for some mining activity

RUSSIANS THREATEN LEMBERG IN THEIR GREAT ADVANCE



Busy scene in one of the principal squares of Lemberg; Austrian soldiers in the crowd.

TURKISH ATTACK ON SUEZ CANAL

Fourteen Thousand Troops Advance on British Forces at Romani Where Fighting Still Progresses.

AUSTRO-GERMANS AID

Engineers Dig for Months for Water to Supply Troops and Arrange for Storage and Transports.

London, Aug. 5, 5:15 a. m.—British positions near Romani, east of Port Said, are being attacked by 14,000 Turks, according to an official statement issued by the war office. The Turks are attacking along a front of seven to eight miles, the statement says, and have so far been repulsed.

The text of the British official announcement says:

"The following report, timed 11:10 p. m. on the 4th of August, has been received from the general officer commander-in-chief in Egypt:

"Since midnight of August 3-4 Turks, whose strength is estimated at 14,000, have been attacking our positions near Romani, east of Port Said, on a front of seven to eight miles.

"The position at dusk on the 4th of August was that their attacks had made no impression on our fortified position while on the southern flank the fighting also was going on in our favor and between 400 and 500 prisoners had been captured there.

"Ships of the royal navy rendered valuable service from the Bay of Tins.

Fighting Still in Progress.

"Fighting was still in progress when this report was dispatched. The temperature during the day reached 100 degrees in the shade."

An official statement issued by the Turkish war office on Friday, stated that Turkish airmen had attacked with machine guns British positions about 25 miles east of the Suez canal. Romani is a village near the coast of the Mediterranean and is 22 miles to the east of the Suez canal. It is about 10 miles northwest of Katia, where several engagements recently have been fought between the British and the Turks.

Attack on Canal Expected.

London, Aug. 5, 4:56 p. m.—The Turkish attack on the British positions in Egypt to the east of the Suez canal comes as no surprise to those who are in close touch with the operations in that part of the world. General Sir Archibald Murray, who commands the British army there, has long realized that the Turks, with the assistance of the Austrians and Germans, might make a serious attempt on the canal even at the hottest period of the year.

Austrian and German engineers for many months have been digging for water which, close to the Mediterranean coast, exists in many cases at no considerable depth under the sand, although it mostly is too brackish for use of European troops. The Turks must, therefore, have made very

thorough arrangements for the storage and transport of water, the country being a pure sand desert with small widely scattered oases of date palm growing around ancient wells.

At Romani, where fighting is in progress, the Turks must bring up every drop of water from Aughrata, some ten miles away.

It is understood that the Turks have with them some 1000 Austro-German infantry as well as a large number of Bedouin irregular horse.

Their choice of the coast route instead of the caravan road from Katia to Kantara, which they took the last time, brings their flank under the fire of warships in the Bay of Tins.

TELEGRAPHERS ARE GRANTED INCREASE

Chicago, Aug. 5.—J. T. Gillick, general superintendent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, announced today the settlement of difficulties between officials of the road and a grievance committee of the 2,200 telegraphers of the system whereby the telegraphers were granted a flat increase in salary of \$3 a month, effective August 1.

The telegraphers had asked an increase of 15 per cent of their former salaries, which in some cases would approximate \$15 a month.

PLAGUE DEATH LIST GROWING

Total Deaths in New York From Infantile Paralysis 1,066—Number of Cases 4,842.

New York, Aug. 5.—Little change in the epidemic of infantile paralysis was shown in today's bulletin of the health department. During the twenty-four hours ending at 10 a. m. there were forty-one deaths and 168 new cases in the greater city.

Since the inception of the epidemic June 25, there have been 1666 deaths and 4832 cases.

STRIKEBREAKERS ON CAR LINES

Conflicting Reports Made of Number Who Struck on New York Surface Lines.

New York, Aug. 5.—Although strikes were in effect today on nearly every surface car line in Manhattan, Queens and the Bronx with between 2000 and 2500 motormen and conductors reported idle, professional strikebreakers and loyal employees were in the places of the strikers, and officials of the New York Railway company and the New York and

Queens county railways said at 10 a. m. that almost normal schedules were being maintained.

Police Commissioner Woods assigned a policeman to every car of the lines and except for a few minor demonstrations there was no disorder. Officers of the two companies asserted that fewer than 500 men had struck.

The cars were late in getting away from the barns which led to the belief earlier in the day that a serious tie up had been effected.

SEARCHING FOR AUTO BANDITS

Vigorous Hunt Being Prosecuted for Perpetrators of Most Daring Robbery in History of Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 5.—With no trace yet found of the five automobile bandits who yesterday robbed the paymaster of the Burroughs Adding Machine company of a sum said to range from \$33,000 to \$34,000, the search at noon today had been extended to all points within a hundred mile radius of Detroit. Half a dozen reports early today that speeding automobiles of the make employed by the robbers had been seen in different localities were run down by the police, always with the same result—a party of pleasure seekers.

The police declare one of the theories they are working on is that the daring hold up was an "inside job." They point to the fact that the robbery was carried out in broad daylight in a crowded street in full view of scores of persons without a hitch, as evidence that the bandits must have had a confederate in the Burroughs plant. Officers of the company, however, repudiate any intimation that any of their employees possibly was involved.

TWO MEN ROB FARMER'S BANK

Robbers Drive Up to Bank and Force Cashier to Give Up All Available Cash.

Omaha, Nebr., Aug. 5.—The Farmers' State Bank of Florence, a suburb of Omaha, was robbed of a thousand dollars today by auto bandits.

Two men drove up to the bank in a motor car shortly after noon. One remained on guard outside while the other forced Cashier Nelson to hand over all currency and cash available. After getting the money the robbers drove south toward Omaha. No trace of the bandits has been found, according to the Omaha police.

The World's largest artificial harbor, 765 acres in area and 28 feet deep, is planned for Rotterdam.

SENATOR LEWIS ROASTS HUGHES

Blames Republicans for Treasonable Attacks Upon Administrations Mexican Policy.

ENCOURAGED OUTLAWS

President Held Up Before World as Unworthy Respect of Foreigners or Support of Countrymen.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Senator Lewis, the Democratic whip, spoke in the senate today in reply to the attack upon the administration made by Charles E. Hughes in his speech of accepting the Republican presidential nomination.

Republican strictures upon the administration's Mexican policy, Senator Lewis denounced as "treasonable." He announced that the clause of the Republican platform repudiating interference in the internal affairs of Mexico was responsible for the massacre of troops at Carrizal.

"Not until the captains of the Republican party shot at the president of the United States did the Mexican outlaws shoot at the soldiers of the American president," he said. The platform declaration, Senator Lewis characterized "as a summons to Carranza and Villa to revenge the entrance of American soldiers into Mexico and the interference of America in her internal affairs."

"It was the Republican convention," said Mr. Lewis, "which slew the soldiers at Carrizal and he assailed efforts of the Republican leaders to make Mexico the issue 'without regard to facts, equity or justice.'"

"Revolt against the government at Washington as to Mexico—for that is the issue," he declared. "Denounce the president as to Mexico—far that is the issue. Make contemptible your own country before the world when ever you can—for that is the issue. Humiliate your own fellow man by holding his country and his president up before the world as unworthy the support of his countrymen or the respect of foreigners."

CARRANZA NOTE OPENS UP WAY

Not Altogether Satisfactory But Affords Opportunity for Broadening Scope of Discussions.

Washington, Aug. 5.—The reply to General Carranza's note regarding the proposed joint commission to settle border difficulties will not be formulated until President Wilson returns Monday from his week-end cruise down the Potomac. State department officials said today there would be no announcement as to the position of the United States until that time.

It was indicated that while not entirely satisfactory, General Carranza's note is viewed as opening the way for broadening the scope of discussions by the commissioners as is desired by the president and information has reached department officials that the note was intended to cover that possibility, although it does not mention the suggestion except by inference. Whether that will be regarded as sufficient to warrant proceeding with the negotiations by naming the American commissioners and without further correspondence will be determined by President Wilson.

State Department inquiries. The state department has renewed its representations over the imprisonment in Mexico City of H. A. Dunn, an American electrician, charged with having sold dynamite to Zapata bandits.

The department also has made inquiries as to the charges against a Mr. Fulton, Canadian manager of the Electric Light & Power company in Mexico City, who has been thrown into prison, according to reports to the British embassy here.

Presidio, Texas, Aug. 5.—Via Motor Carrier to Marfa.—The Carranza garrison of Ojinaga under Colonel Jose Rojas evacuated the town today. Rojas announced he intended to proceed southward along the Conchos river to investigate reports that a small band of bandits had been operating between Tinas and the frontier. Ojinaga was occupied by volunteer forces composed largely of Mexican ranchmen.

SO THE PEOPLE MAY KNOW

That at this time—the most prosperous period that Ogden has ever enjoyed—there are people in this community in want and distress. Not people who have received that position through shiftlessness, carelessness or extravagance; but people of our best blood—people of the heroic class—who have let fathers, sons and husbands—their means of support—go to the front to protect their country—

Now it's up to the people of Ogden to take care of these dependents until such time as government relief is offered—

What are we going to do about it?

National Guard Benefit Fund—Ogden Standard, \$50.00 a month for 12 months; Dr. Kanzler, \$2.00 a month for 12 months; Methodist Sunday School, \$5.00; Oracle Theatre, \$5.00 a month for 6 months; A. W. Meek, \$1.00; C. B. Sears, \$5.00; O. A. Parnley, \$5.00; Dr. E. P. Mills, professional service, \$5.00.